

American Government & Politics: A Christian Worldview – Quiz 9
(“Local Government” – “*Schechter Poultry v. U.S.*”)

- _____ 1. A petit jury’s job is to ____.
- A. decide whether to charge someone with a crime
 - B. determine whether an accused person is “guilty” or “not guilty”
 - C. Both A & B
- _____ 2. A grand jury’s job is to ____.
- A. decide whether to charge someone with a crime
 - B. determine whether an accused person is “guilty” or “not guilty”
 - C. Both A & B
- _____ 3. What is the benefit of nullification at the local level?
- A. It allows the federal government to override illegal state court decisions.
 - B. It mandates that, for example, masks and lockdowns be ignored by sheriffs.
 - C. It mandates that the state supreme court rewrite the constitution.
 - D. It allows local officials and jurors to refuse to obey or enforce unjust laws.
- _____ 4. Frederic Bastiat defines “illegal plunder” as ____.
- A. any act of charity performed by a government official
 - B. the process of collecting taxes as defined by the Constitution
 - C. common theft, which violates written laws against stealing
 - D. a government program designed to help the poor
- _____ 5. What policy did President Herbert Hoover pursue during the Great Depression?
- A. intervention, more regulations, higher taxes
 - B. strict non-interference in the economy
 - C. a return to the policies of the 1920 depression era
 - D. a plan to abolish the national banking system
- _____ 6. The economic depression of 1920–21 resolved itself quickly because ____.
- A. the government did essentially nothing and let the economy correct itself
 - B. President Harding increased federal spending by roughly 50 percent
 - C. Hoover implemented a large government program to create jobs
 - D. None of these
- _____ 7. What are economic “boom and bust” cycles typically caused by?
- A. The natural tendency of business owners to lose their knowledge
 - B. The failure of free-market principles
 - C. A lack of government spending during a recession
 - D. Government interference and meddling in the economy
- _____ 8. What was the purpose of paying farmers to destroy crops or slaughter pigs under the AAA?
- A. To teach farmers how to grow more efficient crops
 - B. To artificially inflate prices by reducing the supply of food
 - C. Both A & B
 - D. Neither A nor B
- _____ 9. Why does forcing a minimum wage often lead to higher unemployment?
- A. It doesn’t; it results in businesses hiring more employees.
 - B. It increases the amount of money consumers have to spend.
 - C. It increases the price of work, causing demand for that labor to decrease.
 - D. It makes the work more efficient and productive.
- _____ 10. What did the Supreme Court rule about the delegation of power in the *Schechter Poultry . U.S.* case?
- A. The President has the power to write whatever laws he deems advisable.
 - B. The judicial branch has no power to overturn executive orders.
 - C. The President is allowed to act as the head of the legislative branch during emergencies.
 - D. Congress cannot delegate legislative power to the President.

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