

Civics: A Christian Worldview – Test 4B

- _____ 1. Which method does Raynal say will help control a colony’s “tone and manners”?
- A. allowing each family to choose what schooling is best
 - B. letting private charities teach skills to those who need it
 - C. state-run schooling aimed at shaping beliefs and habits
 - D. free neighborhood associations scattered across the nation
- _____ 2. *Liberty* requires that a person’s actions _____.
- A. are approved by the state
 - B. increase citizens’ equality
 - C. match the “general will of the people”
 - D. do not violate the rights of others
- _____ 3. *Liberty* is the combination of many freedoms, including _____.
- A. religion
 - B. speech
 - C. association and trade
 - D. all of these
- _____ 4. The Constitution’s basic job is to _____.
- A. grant limited government powers
 - B. set boundaries upon the government
 - C. both A & B
 - D. neither A nor B
- _____ 5. The Articles of Confederation are called a “confederation” because they were _____.
- A. a loose alliance of states
 - B. similar to a monarchy
 - C. a document similar to a church covenant
 - D. a single national government
- _____ 6. AOC critics often complain about it, because it _____.
- A. didn’t create a federal court system that ruled states
 - B. created a government with too much presidential power
 - C. both of these
 - D. neither of these
- _____ 7. The convention of 1787 produced a result that _____.
- A. left the AOC basically unchanged
 - B. replaced the AOC with a stronger national government
 - C. abolished state constitutions
 - D. none of these
- _____ 8. “Flawed View 1” of the Constitution, offered by big-government supporters, says that _____.
- A. the amount of federal government powers should be cut
 - B. there should be more jury trials to protect the rights of the people
 - C. America should better protect the powers of state governments
 - D. constitutional limits should be replaced by trend-based opinion
- _____ 9. “Flawed View 2” of the Constitution, offered by others, says that _____.
- A. the Constitution should be banned completely
 - B. the Bill of Rights should be stripped from the Constitution
 - C. the Constitution is a practically perfect document
 - D. none of these
- _____ 10. Article I says Congress is made up of _____.
- A. governors and mayors
 - B. the House and the Senate
 - C. courts and juries
 - D. the President and the Cabinet

- ___ 11. The House of Representatives membership rules include ____.
- A. 9 years of citizenship and being a “natural-born citizen”
 - B. 7 years of citizenship and residence in the state represented
 - C. 14 years of residency in the United States
 - D. none of these
- ___ 12. The Senate membership rules include ____.
- A. natural-born citizenship
 - B. two-year terms of office
 - C. 7 years of citizenship and residence in the state represented
 - D. 9 years of citizenship
- ___ 13. Article II says the President and Vice President serve a term of ____.
- A. 2 years
 - B. 4 years
 - C. 6 years
 - D. 8 years
- ___ 14. A President must be at least ____ years old.
- A. 25
 - B. 30
 - C. 35
 - D. 40
- ___ 15. The Electoral College is a protection against ____.
- A. states having too much input
 - B. judges interfering in elections
 - C. national majority rule
 - D. senators influencing elections
- ___ 16. Article II grants the President the power to ____.
- A. make treaties with Senate approval
 - B. create a system of national courts
 - C. directly change laws when necessary
 - D. declare war when he sees fit
- ___ 17. Article II says the President may veto a bill, but ____.
- A. vetoes are final unless challenged by courts
 - B. state governors can reverse them if needed
 - C. the Senate alone can override the veto
 - D. none of these
- ___ 18. Article III says Congress can make “exceptions” to Supreme Court appellate cases, meaning ____.
- A. the Court is above Congress, unless a President vetoes a law
 - B. Congress can restrict what types of appeals the Court may hear
 - C. states have the power to control the Supreme Court
 - D. judges may be elected directly by the people
- ___ 19. One definition of *treason* is ____.
- A. bribing public officials
 - B. evading lawfully passed taxes
 - C. making war against the states
 - D. all of these
- ___ 20. Article III says federal judges may remain in office during ____.
- A. a 10-year term
 - B. election victories
 - C. good behavior
 - D. none of these

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