

Civics: A Christian Worldview – Quiz 7A

- _____ 1. Rousseau compares ordinary people (citizens) to which of the following in *his* view of society?
- A. teachers guiding students
 - B. raw materials in a machine
 - C. judges interpreting laws
 - D. soldiers defending a nation
- _____ 2. Raynal says a ruler can shape the rising generation of children mainly through _____
- A. private family traditions
 - B. reducing high taxation
 - C. giving them practice in running the government
 - D. a system of government-run education
- _____ 3. Bastiat’s “clay/sand/manure” comparison is meant to show that rulers treat people like _____.
- A. objects to be experimented on
 - B. free and equal beings under God
 - C. voters who control government
 - D. soldiers who must obey orders in war
- _____ 4. A constitution is best described as _____.
- A. a list of election promises made by politicians to voters
 - B. a set of unwritten traditions that govern a particular nation
 - C. written guidelines/rules setting up and limiting a government
 - D. a court’s list of past cases on which it relies to judge new cases
- _____ 5. The U. S. Constitution has been amended _____ times.
- A. 10
 - B. 17
 - C. 27
 - D. 40
- _____ 6. The first ten amendments are called _____.
- A. the Bill of Rights
 - B. the Articles of Confederation
 - C. the Federalist Papers
 - D. none of these
- _____ 7. Which British document was written in 1215 to limit the powers of King John?
- A. the English Bill of Rights
 - B. the Magna Carta
 - C. the Mayflower Compact
 - D. the Federalist Papers
- _____ 8. The Articles of Confederation’s Article II said that _____.
- A. Congress may tax and regulate trade freely
 - B. the President has great powers
 - C. a federal court system rules the states
 - D. states keep sovereignty except a few specific powers
- _____ 9. Under the Articles of Confederation, a key “defect” critics complained about was that Congress _____.
- A. could not tax or regulate trade
 - B. could declare war too easily
 - C. could veto any/all state laws
 - D. could appoint Supreme Court justices
- _____ 10. Under the U. S. Constitution’s Article II, which is a constitutional power of the President?
- A. passing federal laws
 - B. declaring war
 - C. vetoing a bill
 - D. setting tax or tariff rates

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