

## Home School Partners – High School 1A

### American Literature, Week 3: Quiz 1

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. In his "Letter," Roger Williams says the town meetings should do all the following **except** \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) increase liberty (B) require church attendance (C) develop peace (D) increase citizens' well-being
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. In the same letter, Williams insists that the law should **not** be used to punish those who \_\_\_\_ (choose **two**).  
(A) steal property (B) do not worship God at all (C) injure others (D) worship God differently
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. In Williams's ship analogy, the "captain of the ship" compares to \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) a church elder (B) the town government (C) a board of deacons (D) God
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. In Anne Bradstreet's "To My Dear and Loving Husband," her words "If ever two were one" refer to \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) a phrase in the book of Genesis (B) the words of Jesus (C) both A and B (D) neither A nor B
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. The word that best describes William Penn's "Letter to the Indians" is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) anxious (B) delicate (C) apologetic (D) peacemaking
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. In "Letter to the Free Society of Traders," Penn notes that Indians differ with Christians in their view of \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) the existence of God (B) an afterlife (C) making sacrifices (D) having worship services
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. The *main* reason Penn urges Christians to treat Indians fairly is that so they (the Indians) will \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) act peaceably (B) trade freely (C) ally with the settlers (D) become Christians
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. The setting for the *opening* of "Rip Van Winkle" is in the state of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ the Revolutionary War.  
(A) Massachusetts, before (B) New York, before (C) Massachusetts, after (D) New York, after
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. All of the below adjectives describe the character of Rip Van Winkle **except** \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) agreeable (B) lazy (C) strong-willed (D) hen-pecked
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Which of the *two* places below does Rip often escape to when his wife nags him? (Choose **two**.)  
(A) the tavern (B) his barn (C) the woods (D) his daughter's home
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. Which of these does Rip learn that confirms to him that he has been gone for 20 years?  
(A) He sees his old wife. (B) The village inn is gone. (C) England has a new king. (D) all of these
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. In "Rip Van Winkle," who wants a "quieting draught out of Rip Van Winkle's flagon"?  
(A) Rip's wife (B) wives of lazy husbands (C) Rip's grown son (D) husbands with nagging wives
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13. The character and setting details that Washington Irving includes in "Rip Van Winkle" make the story \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) completely original (B) like a parable (C) specifically American (D) more sad than funny
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. In his "Epistle of Caution and Advice," Anthony Benezet admonishes Christians with slaves to \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) free them (B) watch over their souls (C) neither A nor B (D) both A and B
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15. The poem of the tree in Benjamin Franklin's *The Way to Wealth* is meant to teach readers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) find success where they live (B) carefully save money (C) work harder (D) pay employees fairly
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16. The *Way to Wealth* adage "A ploughman on his legs is higher than a gentleman on his knees" teaches \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) the value of saving (B) why spending less is important (C) the value of working (D) geometry
- \_\_\_\_\_ 17. At the end of *The Way to Wealth*, Benjamin Franklin takes his own advice by \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) working an extra hour daily (B) giving more to charity (C) keeping his old coat (D) building a barn
- \_\_\_\_\_ 18. On what topic does Hooper preach in the sermon that opens "The Minister's Black Veil"?  
(A) secret sins (B) Christian charity toward others (C) patience in suffering (D) loving your neighbors
- \_\_\_\_\_ 19. In "The Minister's Black Veil," the veil actually *helps* Mr. Hooper because it \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) keeps his opponents from criticizing him (C) gives him the privacy that he greatly desires  
(B) releases him from having to marry Elizabeth (D) helps him sympathize those struggling with sin
- \_\_\_\_\_ 20. The main lesson taught by "The Minister's Black Veil" is that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) sin isolates us (B) love should guide us (C) patience is important (D) God wants action, not words

**BONUS (+5):** What does Rip Van Winkle say when questioned that angers the mob when he returns to the village?

## Home School Partners – High School 1A

### American Literature, Week 3: Quiz 1

- B** 1. In his "Letter," Roger Williams says the town meetings should increase all the following **except** \_\_\_\_.  
(A) personal liberty (B) church attendance (C) peace among residents (D) the welfare of all residents
- B** 2. In the same letter, Roger Williams insists that the law should not be used to punish those who \_\_\_\_.  
**D** (A) worship God differently (B) do not worship God at all (C) both A and B (D) neither A nor B
- B** 3. In Williams's ship analogy, the "captain of the ship" compares to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) a church elder (B) the town government (C) a board of deacons (D) God
- C** 4. In Anne Bradstreet's "To My Dear and Loving Husband," her words "If ever two were one" refer to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) an phrase in the book of Genesis (B) the words of Jesus (C) both A and B (D) neither A nor B
- D** 5. The word that best describes William Penn's "Letter to the Indians" is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) anxious (B) delicate (C) aggressive (D) peacemaking
- C** 6. In "Letter to the Free Society of Traders," Penn notes that Indians differ with Christians in their view of \_\_\_\_.  
(A) the existence of God (B) an afterlife (C) making sacrifices (D) having worship services
- D** 7. The main reason Penn urges Christians to treat Indians fairly is that so they (the Indians) will \_\_\_\_.  
(A) act peaceably (B) trade freely (C) ally with the settlers (D) become Christians
- B** 8. The setting for the *opening* of "Rip Van Winkle" is in the state of \_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_ the Revolutionary War.  
(A) Massachusetts, before (B) New York, before (C) Massachusetts, after (D) New York, after
- C** 9. All of the below adjectives describe the character of Rip Van Winkle **except** \_\_\_\_.  
(A) agreeable (B) slightly lazy (C) grouchy (D) hen-pecked
- A, C** 10. Which of the two places does Rip often escape to when his wife nags him? (Choose **two**.)  
(A) the tavern (B) his barn (C) the woods (D) his daughter's home
- B** 11. Which of these does Rip learn that confirms to him that he has been gone for 20 years?  
(A) He sees his old wife. (B) The village inn is gone. (C) England has a new king. (D) all of these
- D** 12. In "Rip Van Winkle," who wants a "quieting draught out of Rip Van Winkle's flagon"?  
(A) Rip's wife (B) wives of lazy husbands (C) Rip's grown son (D) husbands with nagging wives
- C** 13. The character and setting details that Washington Irving includes in "Rip Van Winkle" make the story \_\_\_\_.  
(A) completely original (B) like a parable (C) specifically American (D) more tragic than comic
- D** 14. In his "Epistle of Caution and Advice," Anthony Benezet admonishes Christians with slaves to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) free them (B) watch over their souls (C) neither A nor B (D) both A and B
- A** 15. The poem of the tree in Benjamin Franklin's *The Way to Wealth* is meant to teach readers to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) find success where they live (B) carefully save money (C) work harder (D) pay employees fairly
- C** 16. The *Way to Wealth* adage "A ploughman on his legs is higher than a gentleman on his knees" teaches \_\_\_\_.  
(A) the value of saving (B) why spending less is important (C) the value of working (D) none of these
- C** 17. At the end of *The Way to Wealth*, Benjamin Franklin takes his own advice by \_\_\_\_.  
(A) working an extra hour daily (B) giving more to charity (C) keeping his old coat (D) none of these
- A** 18. On what topic does Hooper preach in the sermon that opens "The Minister's Black Veil"?  
(A) secret sins (B) Christian charity toward others (C) patience in suffering (D) loving your neighbors
- D** 19. In one way the veil actually *helps* Mr. Hooper because it \_\_\_\_.  
(A) keeps his critics from bothering him (C) gives him the privacy that he greatly desires  
(B) releases him from having to marry Elizabeth (D) helps him sympathize those struggling with sin
- A** 20. The main lesson taught by "The Minister's Black Veil" is that \_\_\_\_.  
(A) sin isolates us (B) love should guide us (C) patience is important (D) God wants action, not words

**BONUS (+5):** What does Rip Van Winkle say when questioned that angers the mob when he returns to the village?

**"I am...a loyal subject of the king, God bless him!"**

## Home School Partners – High School 1A

### American Literature, Week 5: Quiz 2

- \_\_\_\_ 1. What attitude did Phyllis Wheatley have regarding her being brought to America from Africa as a slave?  
(A) frustration (B) heartbreak (C) thankfulness (D) regret
- \_\_\_\_ 2. The poem “On Virtue,” since it is spoken to virtue itself, which cannot respond, can be classified as a(n) \_\_\_\_.  
(A) apostrophe (B) iambic pentameter (C) blank verse (D) sonnet
- \_\_\_\_ 3. The term for a poem like “On Virtue,” which has no rhyme scheme **and** has five beats per line, is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) apostrophe (B) iambic pentameter (C) blank verse (D) sonnet (E) “Big Ol’ Ugly Mama Poem”
- \_\_\_\_ 4. In “Give Me Liberty or Give Me Death,” Patrick Henry says the “one lamp by which my feet are guided” is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) God’s Word (B) his experience (C) the Holy Spirit (D) the Constitution
- \_\_\_\_ 5. Henry rightly believes that God sets up nations, but inconsistently believes that God “needs” \_\_\_\_ to do so.  
(A) a long period of time (B) many more laws (C) much prayer (D) Christians to kill others
- \_\_\_\_ 6. Who narrates “The Purloined Letter”?  
(A) the Parisian prefect (police chief) (B) Dupin’s friend (C) Monsieur Dupin (D) Minister D—
- \_\_\_\_ 7. Finish Dupin’s remark at the beginning of “The Purloined Letter”: “Perhaps the mystery is a little too \_\_\_\_.”  
(A) plain (B) odd (C) mysterious (D) difficult (E) smeared with “My Lips Just Fell Off!®” hot sauce
- \_\_\_\_ 8. Where does Minister D— hide the purloined letter?  
(A) in a secret wall panel (B) in a safe deposit box (C) under a floorboard (D) none of these
- \_\_\_\_ 9. Dupin discovers where the letter is, because, as he says, he tries to think like a \_\_\_\_, and not like a(n) \_\_\_\_.  
(A) poet, mathematician (B) policeman, genius (C) mathematician, poet (D) criminal, honest man
- \_\_\_\_ 10. One feature of Poe’s detective stories that Arthur Conan Doyle likely borrowed for Sherlock Holmes was \_\_\_\_.  
(A) the prefect’s brilliance (B) Dupin’s hatred of tobacco (C) the Paris setting (D) Dupin’s arrogance
- \_\_\_\_ 11. *A Narrative of the Captivity and Restoration of Mrs. Mary Rowlandson* occurs in the state of \_\_\_\_.  
(A) Rhode Island (B) New Hampshire (C) Massachusetts (D) New York
- \_\_\_\_ 12. After her daughter’s death in captivity, Mary Rowlandson thanks God that He kept her (Mary) from \_\_\_\_.  
(A) killing herself (B) dying of starvation (C) running away (D) dying of her wounds
- \_\_\_\_ 13. During her captivity, Mary Rowlandson \_\_\_\_ for her captors in exchange for food and money.  
(A) cooks (B) child-sits (C) does the washing (D) sews
- \_\_\_\_ 14. God answers Mary’s prayer after her distress at not being able to see her daughter Mary in what **two** ways?  
(A) She is ransomed that day. (C) An Indian gives her a Bible to read.  
(B) She sees her son Joseph. (D) He brings Mary to her that day.
- \_\_\_\_ 15. Which of the following Bible verses is the last line, and theme, of Mary Rowlandson’s *Narrative*?  
(A) “Let not your heart be troubled.” (C) “Stand still and see the salvation of the Lord.”  
(B) “The Lord is my Shepherd; I shall not want.” (D) “I will never leave thee, nor forsake thee.”

**Match the following authors on the right with their works on the left:**

- |                              |                                       |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ____ 16. Nathaniel Hawthorne | A. <i>The Way to Wealth</i>           |
| ____ 17. Washington Irving   | B. “Letter to the Town of Providence” |
| ____ 18. Roger Williams      | C. “Rip Van Winkle”                   |
| ____ 19. Edgar Allan Poe     | D. “The Minister’s Black Veil”        |
| ____ 20. Benjamin Franklin   | E. “The Purloined Letter”             |

## Home School Partners – High School 1A

### American Literature, Week 5: Quiz 2

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(A) frustration (B) heartbreak (C) thankfulness (D) regret
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(A) apostrophe (B) iambic pentameter (C) blank verse (D) sonnet
- C** 3. The term for a poem like “On Virtue,” which has no rhyme scheme **and** has five beats per line, is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) apostrophe (B) iambic pentameter (C) blank verse (D) sonnet (E) “Big Ol’ Ugly Mama Poem”
- B** 4. In “Give Me Liberty or Give Me Death,” Patrick Henry says the “one lamp by which my feet are guided” is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) God’s Word (B) his experience (C) the Holy Spirit (D) advice of trusted friends
- D** 5. Henry rightly believes that God sets up nations, but inconsistently believes that God “needs” \_\_\_\_ to do so.  
(A) a long period of time (B) freedoms to increase (C) much prayer (D) Christians to kill others
- B** 6. Who narrates “The Purloined Letter”?  
(A) the Parisian police chief (B) Dupin’s friend (C) Monsieur Dupin (D) none of these
- A** 7. Finish Dupin’s remark at the beginning of “The Purloined Letter”: “Perhaps the mystery is a little too \_\_\_\_.”  
(A) plain (B) odd (C) mysterious (D) difficult (E) smeared with mayonnaise
- D** 8. Where does Minister D hide the purloined letter?  
(A) in a secret wall panel (B) in a safe deposit box (C) under a floorboard (D) none of these
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(A) killing herself (B) dying of starvation (C) running away (D) dying of her wounds
- D** 13. During her captivity, Mary Rowlandson \_\_\_\_ for her captors in exchange for food and money.  
(A) cooks (B) child-sits (C) does the washing (D) sews
- B, C** 14. God answers Mary’s prayer after her distress at not being able to see her daughter Mary in what **two** ways?  
(A) She is immediately ransomed. (C) An Indian gives her a Bible to read.  
(B) She sees her son Joseph. (D) He brings Mary to her that day.
- C** 15. Which of the following Bible verses is the last line of Mary Rowlandson’s *Narrative*?  
(A) “Let not your heart be troubled.” (C) “Stand still and see the salvation of the Lord.”  
(B) “The Lord is my Shepherd; I shall not want.” (D) “I will never leave thee, nor forsake thee.”

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| <b>C</b> 17. Washington Irving   | B. “Letter to the Town of Providence” |
| <b>B</b> 18. Roger Williams      | C. “Rip Van Winkle”                   |
| <b>E</b> 19. Edgar Allan Poe     | D. “The Minister’s Black Veil”        |
| <b>A</b> 20. Benjamin Franklin   | E. “The Purloined Letter”             |

# Home School Partners – High School 1A

## American Literature, Week 8: Quiz 3 – *In a Hollow of the Hills*

Match the following characters on the right from *In a Hollow of the Hills* with their descriptions on the left:

- |       |  |               |
|-------|--|---------------|
| _____ | 1. good-hearted person who dies at the story's end         | A. Uncle Dick |
| _____ | 2. "road agent" who is related to Alice                    | B. Key        |
| _____ | 3. someone who has been "missing" for 10 years             | C. Collinson  |
| _____ | 4. leader of men looking for silver at the story's opening | D. Chivers    |
| _____ | 5. known as "the orator" and leader of the "road agents"   | E. Sadie      |
| _____ | 6. former teacher of Key                                   | F. Alice      |
| _____ | 7. tall, athletic, handsome man, youngest of the travelers | G. Jack Riggs |
| _____ | 8. gets taken to a convent for safekeeping                 | H. Cipriano   |
- 
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. What is the best way to describe the way Collinson interacts with others during the story?  
(A) bitter (B) greedy (C) innocent (D) keenly aware
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Key returns to the house he thinks he saw because he is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) curious about the mystery (B) concerned for the residents (C) interested in a girl (D) all of these
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 11. The builders of the house that Key finds hid the house because they \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) were protecting their mine (B) were outlaws (C) owed money to the bank (D) did not own the land
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 12. To Collinson, the earthquake that occurred years ago was a sign that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) his wife was dead (B) his mine was worthless (C) he had to leave town (D) he owns Key's land
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 13. What does Key notice about the woman from the cabin as he sees her at the station?  
(A) She is about 50 years old. (C) She has a happy, carefree personality.  
(B) She is dressed nicely, but not richly. (D) all of the above
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 14. Collinson refuses the offer of the road agents to buy his mill because he \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) thinks their offer is too low (B) doesn't like them (C) knows it is not worth it (D) built it for his wife
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 15. Which character is revealed to have been going around with another man's wife for many years?  
(A) Chivers (B) Jack Riggs (C) Collinson (D) Key
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 16. What name does Sadie use when she goes to the convent?  
(A) Mrs. Rivers (B) Mrs. Collinson (C) Mrs. Barker (D) Sister Seraphina (E) Lady Gagarooski
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 17. Alice tells Key she recognized him by \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) his eyes (B) his voice (C) his horse (D) his beard (E) the distinctive hairs on his toes
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 18. The wearer of the two shoes found early in the story dropped them \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) to leave a trail (B) out of anger (C) escaping a fire (D) to confuse the sheriff
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 19. Sadie and the gang of "road agents" are \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) killed by an earthquake (B) captured by Key (C) killed in a gun battle (D) captured by the sheriff
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 20. At the conclusion of *In a Hollow of the Hills*, Collinson tells Alice \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) to marry Key (B) that Jack Riggs was an outlaw (C) she owns his mill (D) he knows who she is

**BONUS (+5):** To what city with a convent does Key follow a character in the second half of the story?

# Home School Partners – High School 1A

## American Literature, Week 8: Quiz 3

Match the following characters on the right from *In a Hollow of the Hills* with their descriptions on the left:

- |  |  |  |   |
|--|--|--|---|
| <b>C</b><br><b>G</b><br><b>E</b><br><b>A</b><br><b>D</b><br><b>H</b><br><b>B</b><br><b>F</b> | 1.<br>2.<br>3.<br>4.<br>5.<br>6.<br>7.<br>8. | trusting, good person who dies at the story's end<br>"road agent" and relative of Alice<br>someone who has been "missing" for 10 years<br>leader of men looking for silver at the story's opening<br>"the orator," or leader of the "road agents"<br>former teacher of Key<br>tall, athletic, handsome man, youngest of the travelers<br>gets taken to a convent for safekeeping | A. Uncle Dick<br>B. Key<br>C. Collinson<br>D. Chivers<br>E. Sadie<br>F. Alice<br>G. Jack Riggs<br>H. Cipriano |
|--|--|--|---|
- 
- C** 9. Who is memorably seen in silhouette in a cabin at the beginning of the story?  
(A) Alice (B) Jack Riggs (C) Sadie (D) Collinson
  - D** 10. Key returns to the house he thinks he saw because he is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) curious about the mystery (B) concerned for the residents (C) interested in a girl (D) all of these
  - B** 11. The builders of the house Key finds hid the house because they \_\_\_\_.  
(A) were protecting their mine (B) were outlaws (C) owed money to the bank (D) did not own the land
  - A** 12. To Collinson, the earthquake that occurred years ago was a sign that \_\_\_\_.  
(A) his wife was dead (B) his mine was worthless (C) he had to leave town (D) he owns Key's land
  - B** 13. What does Key notice about the woman from the cabin as he sees her at the station?  
(A) She is about 50 years old. (C) She has a happy, carefree personality.  
(B) She is dressed nicely, but not richly. (D) all of the above
  - D** 14. Collinson refuses the offer of the road agents to buy his mill because he \_\_\_\_.  
(A) thinks their offer is too low (B) doesn't like them (C) knows it is not worth it (D) built it for his wife
  - A** 15. Which character is revealed to have been going around with another man's wife for many years?  
(A) Chivers (B) Jack Riggs (C) Collinson (D) Key
  - C** 16. What name does Sadie use when she goes to the convent?  
(A) Mrs. Rivers (B) Mrs. Collinson (C) Mrs. Barker (D) Sister Seraphina
  - B** 17. Alice tells Key she recognized him by \_\_\_\_.  
(A) his eyes (B) his voice (C) his horse (D) his beard
  - C** 18. The wearer of the two shoes found early in the story dropped them \_\_\_\_.  
(A) to leave a trail (B) out of anger (C) escaping a fire (D) to confuse the sheriff
  - A** 19. Sadie and the gang of "road agents" are \_\_\_\_.  
(A) killed by an earthquake (B) captured by Key (C) killed in a gun battle (D) captured by the sheriff
  - A** 20. At the conclusion of *In a Hollow of the Hills*, Collinson tells Alice \_\_\_\_.  
(A) to marry Key (B) that Jack Riggs was an outlaw (C) she owns his mill (D) he knows who she is

**BONUS (+5):** To what city with a convent does Key follow a character in the second half of the story?

**SAN LUIS**

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 10: Quiz 4

Match the following authors on the right with their works on the left:

- |          |   |                           |
|----------|---|---------------------------|
| _____ 1. | "Declaration to the Pennsylvania Assembly"      | A. Thomas Paine           |
| _____ 2. | <i>An American Crisis</i>                       | B. Anne Hooper            |
| _____ 3. | "Bartleby"                                      | C. Benjamin Hershey       |
| _____ 4. | "Petition Concerning...Loyalists"               | D. The Society of Friends |
| _____ 5. | "Resolution of the Philadelphia Yearly Meeting" | E. Herman Melville        |
- 
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. The "Resolution of the Philadelphia Yearly Meeting" encourages the audience to \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) honor the government (B) treat Indians fairly (C) avoid the slave trade (D) join the revolution
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Most Quakers opposed the American revolutionaries because many of the revolutionaries \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) urged violence (B) threatened lawful government (C) bullied those who disagreed (D) all of these
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 8. In "Declaration to the Pennsylvania Assembly," the author urges the assembly to protect the freedom of \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) trade (B) speech (C) religion (D) the press
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 9. The word that best describes the *tone* of the "Declaration to the Pennsylvania Assembly" is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) forceful (B) humble (C) angry (D) terrified
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 10. The author of *An American Crisis* says that those who are opposed to the American Revolution are \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) cowards and scoundrels (B) honorable, but mistaken (C) missing the point (D) exactly right
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 11. What famous line opens *An American Crisis*?  
(A) "God will not give up a people to destruction." (C) "These are the times that try men's souls."  
(B) "There is a natural firmness in some minds." (D) "It is the madness of folly to expect mercy."
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 12. In *An American Crisis*, the author uses many \_\_\_\_ phrases, although the author was \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) atheistic, Christian (B) Christian, not a Christian (C) evolutionist, atheist (D) none of these
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 13. The **main reason** Christians would disagree with the author of AAC is by realizing God doesn't always \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) answer our prayers (B) provide favorable governments (C) bless us financially (D) prevent slavery
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 14. In "Petition Concerning...", the author rebukes North Carolina's gov't for retaliating against \_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Britain, North Carolina (B) women, children (C) free men, slaves (D) children, soldiers
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 15. The vocabulary word that **best** describes Bartleby's attitude toward doing work he doesn't want to do is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) intransigent (B) clandestine (C) salutary (D) benign
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 16. The narrator doesn't fire Bartleby after the first time Bartleby says, "I would prefer not to" because \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) he fears Bartleby (B) he is sick (C) Nippers supports Bartleby (D) Bartleby says it calmly
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 17. The many high brick walls in "Bartleby" are intended to remind the reader of man's \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) ignorance (B) strength (C) loneliness (D) stubbornness
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 18. Reading "Edwards on the Will" and "Priestly on Necessity" comforts the narrator by convincing him that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Bartleby can change through hard work (C) Bartleby is predestined to be peculiar  
(B) Bartleby has friends he doesn't know about (D) Bartleby's behavior results from his background
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 19. The narrator lets the grub-man know Bartleby has died by saying he (Bartleby) is "\_\_\_\_\_."  
(A) where there is peace (B) with his God at last (C) at that great shore (D) with kings and counselors
  - \_\_\_\_\_ 20. The tone in "Bartleby" seems to reflect the author's (not the narrator's) \_\_\_\_ God.  
(A) amusement at (B) disappointment with (C) firm understanding of (D) faith in

**BONUS (+5):** What atheist French philosopher does the *American Crisis* author quote before he thanks God for blessing George Washington with good health?

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 10: Quiz 4

Match the following authors on the right with their works on the left:

- |          |    |   |    |                        |
|----------|----|---|----|------------------------|
| <b>C</b> | 1. | "Declaration to the Pennsylvania Assembly"      | A. | Thomas Paine           |
| <b>A</b> | 2. | <i>An American Crisis</i>                       | B. | Anne Hooper            |
| <b>E</b> | 3. | "Bartleby"                                      | C. | Benjamin Hershey       |
| <b>B</b> | 4. | "Petition Concerning...Loyalists"               | D. | The Society of Friends |
| <b>D</b> | 5. | "Resolution of the Philadelphia Yearly Meeting" | E. | Herman Melville        |
- 
- A** 6. The "Resolution of the Philadelphia Yearly Meeting" encourages the audience to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) honor their government (B) treat Indians fairly (C) avoid the slave trade (D) join the British army
  - D** 7. Most Quakers opposed the American revolutionaries because they believed the revolutionaries \_\_\_\_.  
(A) urged bloodshed (B) threatened lawful government (C) bullied those who disagreed (D) all of these
  - C** 8. In "Declaration to the Pennsylvania Assembly," the author urges the assembly to protect the freedom of \_\_\_\_.  
(A) trade (B) speech (C) conscience (D) the press
  - B** 9. The word that best describes the tone of the "Declaration to the Pennsylvania Assembly" is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) forceful (B) humble (C) angry (D) terrified
  - A** 10. In *An American Crisis*, the author says that those who are opposed to the American Revolution are \_\_\_\_.  
(A) cowards and scoundrels (B) honorable, but mistaken (C) missing the point (D) peaceful fools
  - C** 11. What famous line opens *An American Crisis*?  
(A) "God will not give up a people to destruction." (C) "These are the times that try men's souls."  
(B) "There is a natural firmness in some minds." (D) "It is the madness of folly to expect mercy."
  - B** 12. In *An American Crisis*, the author uses many \_\_\_\_ phrases, although the author was \_\_\_\_.  
(A) atheistic, Christian (B) Christian, atheist (C) deist, atheist (D) Christian, a deist
  - B** 13. The main reason Christians would disagree with the author of AAC is realizing that God doesn't always \_\_\_\_.  
(A) answer our prayers (B) provide favorable governments (C) bless us financially (D) prevent slavery
  - B** 14. In "Petition Concerning," the author chides North Carolina's government for retaliating against \_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_.  
(A) Britain, North Carolina (B) women, children (C) cowards, free men (D) children, the elderly
  - A** 15. The vocabulary word that *best* describes Bartleby's attitude toward doing work he doesn't want to do is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) intransigent (B) clandestine (C) salutary (D) benign (E) codswallop
  - D** 16. The narrator doesn't fire Bartleby after the first time Bartleby says, "I would prefer not to" because \_\_\_\_.  
(A) he fears Bartleby (B) he needs a job done (C) Nippers vouches for him (D) Bartleby is not rude
  - C** 17. The many high brick walls in "Bartleby" are intended to remind the reader of man's \_\_\_\_.  
(A) ignorance (B) strength (C) isolation (D) stubbornness
  - C** 18. Reading "Edwards on the Will" and "Priestly on Necessity" comfort the narrator by convincing him that \_\_\_\_.  
(A) Bartleby can change through hard work (C) Bartleby is predestined to be peculiar  
(B) Bartleby has friends he doesn't know about (D) Bartleby's behavior results from his background
  - D** 19. The narrator lets the jail warden know Bartleby has died by saying he (Bartleby) is "\_\_\_\_."  
(A) where there is peace (B) with his God at last (C) at that great shore (D) with kings and counselors
  - B** 20. The tone in "Bartleby" seems to reflect the author's \_\_\_\_ God.  
(A) amusement at (B) disappointment with (C) firm understanding of (D) faith in

**BONUS (+5):** What French philosopher does the *American Crisis* author quote before he thanks God for blessing George Washington with good health?

**VOLTAIRE**



# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 12: Quiz 5

Match the following authors on the right with their works on the left. *One author's name will be used twice!*

- |          |                            |                               |
|----------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| _____ 1. | "An Angel in Disguise"     | A. Bret Harte                 |
| _____ 2. | "The Luck of Roaring Camp" | B. William Cullen Bryant      |
| _____ 3. | "Paul Revere's Ride"       | C. Ralph Waldo Emerson        |
| _____ 4. | "Thanatopsis"              | D. Oliver Wendell Holmes      |
| _____ 5. | "Concord Hymn"             | E. Henry Wadsworth Longfellow |
| _____ 6. | "Self-Reliance"            | F. Emma Lazarus               |
| _____ 7. | "The New Colossus"         | G. T. S. Arthur               |
| _____ 8. | "Old Ironsides"            | H. Hugh Jape                  |
- 
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. By using the phrase "a wall of separation between church and state," Thomas Jefferson means that \_\_\_\_.
- (A) only government grants freedom of worship (C) government should not interfere with churches  
(B) churches should not rely on state protection (D) Christian morality has no place in government
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. In "Thanatopsis," the author tries to comfort those near death by saying that what **two** things? (Choose **two**.)
- (A) Those who die will be with the Lord. (C) Jesus has triumphed over death and the grave.  
(B) The earth makes a beautiful tomb. (D) Everyone dies, including even the greatest people.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. In "Old Ironsides," the poem's author suggests the ship be \_\_\_\_, but probably *really* hopes it will be \_\_\_\_.
- (A) sunk, restored (B) put in a museum, sunk (C) restored, sunk (D) sunk, put in a museum
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. The line "Fired the shot heard 'round the world" in "Concord Hymn" refers to an event during the \_\_\_\_.
- (A) Civil War (B) French and Indian War (C) War of 1812 (D) Revolutionary War
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13. The line "Keep, ancient lands, your storied pomp!" in the poem "The New Colossus" means \_\_\_\_.
- (A) "America, you're an old and rich nation." (C) "Hey, old world, **be** snobs—America won't be!"  
(B) "We hope to build traditions like other lands." (D) "Thank you, Europe, for sending us your people."
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. The author of "Self-Reliance" says that "nothing is at last sacred but \_\_\_\_."
- (A) the Word of God (B) the integrity of your own mind (C) both of these (D) neither of these
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15. The overall impression of the essay "Self-Reliance" is one of an author who \_\_\_\_.
- (A) trusts God first, then himself (B) is insecure (C) puts himself in God's position (D) all of these
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16. In "The Luck of Roaring Camp," how does Thomas Luck's arrival affect the camp?
- (A) It cleans it up. (B) It increases crime. (C) It makes it poorer. (D) It makes it a little rowdier.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 17. The events in "The Luck of Roaring Camp" remind the reader of the Biblical accounts of \_\_\_\_.
- (A) Samson and Jonah (B) Jonah and Noah (C) Abraham and Joseph (D) Noah and John the Baptist
- \_\_\_\_\_ 18. Which word best describes Mrs. Thompson at the beginning of "An Angel in Disguise"?
- (A) tolerant (B) strong (C) quiet (D) bitter (E) gluten-free
- \_\_\_\_\_ 19. In "An Angel in Disguise," the reason Maggie is not quickly adopted is because she is \_\_\_\_.
- (A) too old (B) bedridden (C) mentally handicapped (D) blind
- \_\_\_\_\_ 20. "An Angel in Disguise" hints that Mrs. Thompson's **first** attitude toward Maggie reflects her (Mrs. T's) \_\_\_\_.
- (A) hard life of growing up in an orphanage (C) lack of ability to have children of her own  
(B) off-and-on struggles with alcoholism (D) excitement at finally being able to adopt a child

**BONUS (+5):** Why does Mr. Thompson tell Mrs. Thompson he intends to take Maggie to the poorhouse soon?

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 12: Quiz 5

Match the following authors on the right with their works on the left:

- |             |     |  |                                |   |
|-------------|-----|--|--------------------------------|---|
| <b>G</b>    | 1.  | "An Angel in Disguise"   | A.                             | Bret Harte  |
| <b>A</b>    | 2.  | "The Luck of Roaring Camp"   | B.                             | William Cullen Bryant                               |
| <b>E</b>    | 3.  | "Paul Revere's Ride"   | C.                             | Ralph Waldo Emerson                                 |
| <b>B</b>    | 4.  | "Thanatopsis"  | D.                             | Oliver Wendell Holmes                               |
| <b>C</b>    | 5.  | "Concord Hymn"   | E.                             | Henry Wadsworth Longfellow                          |
| <b>C</b>    | 6.  | "Self-Reliance"  | F.                             | Emma Lazarus  |
| <b>F</b>    | 7.  | "The New Colossus"   | G.                             | T. S. Arthur  |
| <b>D</b>    | 8.  | "Old Ironsides"  | H.                             | Hugh Jape   |
| <b>C</b>    | 9.  | By using the phrase "a wall of separation between church and state," Thomas Jefferson means that ____.               |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) only government grants freedom of worship  | (C)                            | government has no right to interfere with worship   |
|             |     | (B) churches should not rely on state protection   | (D)                            | Christian morality has no place in government       |
| <b>B, D</b> | 10. | In "Thanatopsis," the author tries to comfort those near death by saying that what two things? (Choose <b>two</b> .) |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) Those who die will be with the Lord.   | (C)                            | Jesus has triumphed over death and the grave.       |
|             |     | (B) The earth makes a beautiful tomb.  | (D)                            | Everyone dies, including even the greatest people.  |
| <b>A</b>    | 11. | In "Old Ironsides," the poem's author suggests the ship be ____, but probably hopes it will be ____.                 |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) sunk, restored   | (B)                            | put in a museum, sunk                               |
|             |     | (C)  | restored, sunk                 | (D) sunk, put in a museum                           |
| <b>D</b>    | 12. | The line "Fired the shot heard 'round the world" in "Concord Hymn" refers to an event during the ____.               |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) Civil War  | (B)                            | French and Indian War                               |
|             |     | (C)  | War of 1812                    | (D) Revolutionary War                               |
| <b>C</b>    | 13. | The line "Keep, ancient lands, your storied pomp!" in the poem "The New Colossus" means ____.                        |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) "America, you're an old and rich nation."  | (C)                            | "Hey, world, <i>be</i> snobs—America welcomes all." |
|             |     | (B) "We hope to build traditions like other lands."  | (D)                            | "Thank you, Europe, for sending us your people."    |
| <b>B</b>    | 14. | The author of "Self-Reliance" says that "nothing is at last sacred but ____.   |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) "the ancient creeds"   | (B)                            | "the integrity of your own mind"                    |
|             |     | (C)  | both of these                  | (D) neither of these                                |
| <b>C</b>    | 15. | The overall impression of the essay "Self-Reliance" is one of an author who ____.                                    |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) trusts God first, then himself   | (B)                            | is insecure   |
|             |     | (C)  | puts himself in God's position | (D) all of these                                    |
| <b>A</b>    | 16. | In "The Luck of Roaring Camp," how does Thomas Luck's arrival affect the camp?                                       |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) It cleans it up.   | (B)                            | It increases crime.                                 |
|             |     | (C)  | It makes it poorer.            | (D) It makes it a little rowdier.                   |
| <b>B</b>    | 17. | Events in "The Luck of Roaring Camp" remind the reader of the two Biblical accounts of ____.                         |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) Samson and Jonah   | (B)                            | Jonah and Noah                                      |
|             |     | (C)  | Abraham and Joseph             | (D) Noah and John the Baptist                       |
| <b>D</b>    | 18. | Which word best describes Mrs. Thompson at the beginning of "An Angel in Disguise"?                                  |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) tolerant   | (B)                            | strong  |
|             |     | (C)  | quiet                          | (D) bitter  |
|             |     | (E)  | gluten-free                    |   |
| <b>B</b>    | 19. | In "An Angel in Disguise," the reason Maggie is not quickly adopted is because she is ____.                          |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) too old  | (B)                            | bedridden   |
|             |     | (C)  | mentally handicapped           | (D) blind   |
| <b>C</b>    | 20. | "An Angel in Disguise" hints that Mrs. Thompson's initial attitude toward Maggie reflects her (Mrs. T's) ____.       |                                |   |
|             |     | (A) hard life of growing up in an orphanage  | (C)                            | lack of ability to have children of her own         |
|             |     | (B) off-and-on struggles with alcoholism   | (D)                            | excitement at finally being able to adopt a child   |

**BONUS (+5):** Why does Mr. Thompson tell Mrs. Thompson he intends to take Maggie to the poorhouse soon?

**HE IS TESTING HER TO SEE IF SHE WANTS TO KEEP MAGGIE.**

## Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 14: Quiz 6

Match each work on the left with its author on the right:

- |          |                                       |                               |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| _____ 1. | <i>Walden</i>                         | A. Mark Twain                 |
| _____ 2. | "The Raven"                           | B. Ambrose Bierce             |
| _____ 3. | "The Stolen White Elephant"           | C. Edgar Allan Poe            |
| _____ 4. | "The Arrow and the Song"              | D. Walt Whitman               |
| _____ 5. | "When I Heard the Learn'd Astronomer" | E. Henry David Thoreau        |
| _____ 6. | "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge"   | F. Henry Wadsworth Longfellow |

Match each quotation on the left with the work in which it is found on the right:

- |           |  |  |
|-----------|--|--|
| _____ 7.  | "What he heard was the ticking of his watch."          | A. "The Arrow and the Song"              |
| _____ 8.  | "...Vulture, whose wings are dull realities?"          | B. <i>Walden</i>                         |
| _____ 9.  | "...so swiftly it flew, the sight could not follow..." | C. "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge"   |
| _____ 10. | "My admiration for the man grew into...worship."       | D. "The Raven"                           |
| _____ 11. | "Simplicity, simplicity, simplicity!"                  | E. "The Stolen White Elephant"           |
| _____ 12. | "I wander'd off...[and] look'd up...at the stars."     | F. "Sonnet—to Science"                   |
| _____ 13. | "And my soul...shall be lifted—nevermore!"             | G. "When I Heard the Learn'd Astronomer" |
- 
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. In "The Raven," the line "*take thy beak from out my heart*" shows the raven to be a symbol of \_\_\_\_.
- |  |  |
|--|--|
| (A) the narrator's undying hatred for Lenore | (C) the gloomy weather that depresses the narrator |
| (B) the soon-to-come death of the narrator   | (D) the narrator's grief at his love's death       |
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15. In his poem "Sonnet—To Science," Edgar Allan Poe states his belief that \_\_\_\_.
- |   |  |
|---|--|
| (A) scientific explanations spoil nature's beauty | (C) science has done little to deserve praise      |
| (B) scientific advances give man too much power   | (D) putting all one's hope in science is dangerous |
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16. The title of "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge" is ironic because the "occurrence" in the story \_\_\_\_.
- |  |  |
|--|--|
| (A) takes place mostly <i>under</i> Owl Creek Bridge | (C) is more important than the title implies   |
| (B) takes place <i>after</i> the bridge is destroyed | (D) does not happen at Owl Creek Bridge at all |
- \_\_\_\_\_ 17. The vocabulary word that best describes the **ending** of "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge" is \_\_\_\_.
- |               |                |              |            |                |
|---------------|----------------|--------------|------------|----------------|
| (A) ponderous | (B) auspicious | (C) sanguine | (D) benign | (E) troglodyte |
|---------------|----------------|--------------|------------|----------------|
- \_\_\_\_\_ 18. In "The Stolen White Elephant," the amazing thing about the detectives' "Jumbo theories" is that they \_\_\_\_.
- |                        |                       |                              |                              |
|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| (A) keep Jumbo in view | (B) are all different | (C) are consistently logical | (D) help keep the reward low |
|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
- \_\_\_\_\_ 19. The reader can judge from "The Stolen White Elephant" that the author (*not* the narrator) \_\_\_\_ detectives.
- |                     |           |                             |                                       |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| (A) greatly admires | (B) fears | (C) doesn't think highly of | (D) is not smart enough to understand |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
- \_\_\_\_\_ 20. Who said, like one idea put forth in *Walden*, that "I have learned, in whatever state I am...to be content"?
- |           |          |           |          |
|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| (A) Jesus | (B) John | (C) Peter | (D) Paul |
|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|

**BONUS (+5):** Give the name for the literary technique used in Part II of "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge."

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 14: Quiz 6

Match each work on the left with its author on the right:

- |          |    |                                       |    |                            |
|----------|----|---------------------------------------|----|----------------------------|
| <b>E</b> | 1. | <i>Walden</i>                         | A. | Mark Twain                 |
| <b>C</b> | 2. | "The Raven"                           | B. | Ambrose Bierce             |
| <b>A</b> | 3. | "The Stolen White Elephant"           | C. | Edgar Allan Poe            |
| <b>F</b> | 4. | "The Arrow and the Song"              | D. | Walt Whitman               |
| <b>D</b> | 5. | "When I Heard the Learn'd Astronomer" | E. | Henry David Thoreau        |
| <b>B</b> | 6. | "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge"   | F. | Henry Wadsworth Longfellow |

Match each quotation on the left with the work in which it is found on the right:

- |          |     |  |    |                                       |
|----------|-----|--|----|---------------------------------------|
| <b>C</b> | 7.  | "What he heard was the ticking of his watch."          | A. | "The Arrow and the Song"              |
| <b>F</b> | 8.  | "...Vulture, whose wings are dull realities?"          | B. | <i>Walden</i>                         |
| <b>A</b> | 9.  | "...so swiftly it flew, the sight could not follow..." | C. | "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge"   |
| <b>E</b> | 10. | "My admiration for the man grew into...worship."       | D. | "The Raven"                           |
| <b>B</b> | 11. | "Simplicity, simplicity, simplicity!"                  | E. | "The Stolen White Elephant"           |
| <b>G</b> | 12. | "I wander'd off...[and] look'd up...at the stars."     | F. | "Sonnet—to Science"                   |
| <b>D</b> | 13. | "And my soul...shall be lifted—nevermore!"             | G. | "When I Heard the Learn'd Astronomer" |
- 
- D** 14. In "The Raven," the line "*take thy beak from out my heart*" shows the raven to be a symbol of \_\_\_\_.
- (A) the narrator's undying love for his wife (C) the gloomy weather that depresses the narrator  
 (B) the soon-to-come death of the narrator (D) the narrator's grief at his love's death
- A** 15. In his poem "Sonnet—To Science," Edgar Allan Poe states his belief that \_\_\_\_.
- (A) scientific explanations spoil nature's beauty (C) science has done little to deserve praise  
 (B) scientific advances give man too much power (D) putting all one's hope in science is dangerous
- C** 16. The title of "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge" is ironic because the "occurrence" in the story \_\_\_\_.
- (A) takes place mostly *under* Owl Creek Bridge (C) is more important than the title implies  
 (B) takes place *after* the bridge is destroyed (D) does not happen at Owl Creek Bridge at all
- A** 17. The vocabulary word that best describes the **ending** of "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge" is \_\_\_\_.
- (A) ponderous (B) auspicious (C) sanguine (D) sporadic (E) troglodyte
- B** 18. In "The Stolen White Elephant," the amazing thing about the detectives' "Jumbo theories" is that they \_\_\_\_.
- (A) keep Jumbo in view (B) are all different (C) are consistently logical (D) help keep the reward low
- C** 19. The reader can judge from "The Stolen White Elephant" that the author \_\_\_\_ detectives.
- (A) greatly admires (B) fears (C) doesn't think highly of (D) is not smart enough to understand
- D** 20. Who said, like one idea put forth in *Walden*, that "I have learned, in whatever state I am...to be content"?
- (A) Jesus (B) John (C) Peter (D) Paul

**BONUS (+5):** Give the name for the literary technique used in Part II of "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge."

**FLASHBACK**

## Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 18: Quiz 7

- \_\_\_\_ 1. Booker T. Washington knew \_\_\_\_ about his origin, and because of this he was \_\_\_\_.  
(A) much, proud (B) little, anxious (C) much, ashamed (D) little, unworried
- \_\_\_\_ 2. Washington says that most slaves he saw felt \_\_\_\_ their masters.  
(A) no hatred of (B) great thankfulness for (C) extreme hatred for (D) sorry for
- \_\_\_\_ 3. Whom does Washington blame for the institution of slavery in America?  
(A) the South (B) the North (C) both A & B (D) the slaves themselves
- \_\_\_\_ 4. When slaves around Washington learn they have been freed, they generally feel \_\_\_\_ first, then they feel \_\_\_\_.  
(A) sad, comforted (B) worried, relieved (C) happy, anxious (D) proud, bold
- \_\_\_\_ 5. Washington comes to pity white boys because, he says, they have fewer \_\_\_\_.  
(A) obstacles to overcome (B) opportunities to succeed (C) privileges (D) all of these
- \_\_\_\_ 6. What things does Washington gain from his employment with Mrs. Ruffner?  
(A) a better job (B) neatness (C) her friendship (D) all of these
- \_\_\_\_ 7. Washington's "entrance exam" into the Hampton Institute involves having to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) work arithmetic problems (B) write a "theme paper" (C) harvest a crop (D) sweep and dust
- \_\_\_\_ 8. What do baths and toothbrushes represent to Booker T. Washington?  
(A) freedom (B) self-respect (C) prejudice (D) wealth (E) waffle fries
- \_\_\_\_ 9. Important things keep "happening" to Booker T. Washington mainly because of \_\_\_\_.  
(A) his "race" (B) the pity of others (C) his attitude (D) good luck
- \_\_\_\_ 10. Washington says he saw some blacks try to learn Latin and Greek or become ministers so they could \_\_\_\_.  
(A) make an easy living (B) earn money for land (C) go to college (D) better run their own farms
- \_\_\_\_ 11. Washington believed that only blacks or whites who \_\_\_\_ should be allowed to vote.  
(A) owned property (B) knew a second language (C) were 30 or older (D) were not prejudiced
- \_\_\_\_ 12. Reconstruction, says Booker T. Washington, was run chiefly by dishonest Northerners who \_\_\_\_.  
(A) took away all rights of southern blacks (C) attempted to reinstall slavery in the South  
(B) kidnapped freed slaves and resold them (D) used blacks to get revenge on Southerners
- \_\_\_\_ 13. The Biblical view of "races," as stated in Acts 17:24-26, teaches that God \_\_\_\_.  
(A) is angry at the sin of all "races" (C) has given certain "nations" rule over others  
(B) has made all nations of "one blood" (D) will punish "races" who do not honor Him
- \_\_\_\_ 14. The students of Tuskegee gain the community's respect through their work in \_\_\_\_.  
(A) growing cotton (B) clearing land (C) making bricks (D) cutting lumber
- \_\_\_\_ 15. The word that best describes Washington's outlook upon the "white woman on the train" situation is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) boldness (B) meekness (C) disgust (D) frustration
- \_\_\_\_ 16. Which of the below does Booker T. Washington believe shows a lack of diligence?  
(A) being dirty (B) being poor (C) both A & B (D) neither A nor B
- \_\_\_\_ 17. In a speech to Congress, what does Washington say will do the most to help blacks in America?  
(A) political power (B) amending the Constitution (C) ending prejudice (D) good character in blacks
- \_\_\_\_ 18. What does Washington mean when he says in his speech: "Cast down your bucket where you are!"?  
(A) "Be self-sufficient." (B) "Make friends locally." (C) both A & B (D) neither A nor B
- \_\_\_\_ 19. What way of helping blacks in America did Washington think would result in lasting, positive change?  
(A) gradual improvement through blacks gaining skills (C) government grants of property to blacks  
(B) laws that favored blacks until justice was reached (D) all of the above
- \_\_\_\_ 20. Washington says the greatest surprise he ever received in his life was his \_\_\_\_.  
(A) presidency of Tuskegee (B) honorary degree from Harvard (C) trip to Europe (D) emancipation

**BONUS (+5):** What is the "great ambition" of the older former slaves who go to school for the first time? (Be specific!)

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 18: Quiz 7

- D** 1. Booker T. Washington knew \_\_\_\_ about his origin, and because of this he was \_\_\_\_.  
(A) much, proud (B) little, anxious (C) much, ashamed (D) little, unworried
- A** 2. Washington says that most slaves he saw felt \_\_\_\_ their masters.  
(A) no hatred of (B) great thankfulness for (C) extreme hatred for (D) unquestioning loyalty toward
- C** 3. Whom does Washington blame for the institution of slavery in America?  
(A) the South (B) the North (C) both A & B (D) neither A nor B
- C** 4. When slaves around Washington learn they have been freed, they generally feel \_\_\_\_ first, then they feel \_\_\_\_.  
(A) sad, comforted (B) worried, relieved (C) happy, anxious (D) proud, bold
- A** 5. Washington comes to pity white boys because, he says, they have fewer \_\_\_\_.  
(A) obstacles to overcome (B) opportunities to succeed (C) privileges (D) all of these
- D** 6. What things does Washington gain from his employment with Mrs. Ruffner?  
(A) a better job (B) neatness (C) her friendship (D) all of these
- D** 7. Washington's "entrance exam" into the Hampton Institute involves having to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) work arithmetic problems (B) write a "theme paper" (C) harvest a crop (D) sweep and dust
- B** 8. What do baths and toothbrushes represent to Booker T. Washington?  
(A) freedom (B) self-respect (C) prejudice (D) wealth (E) waffle fries
- C** 9. Important things keep "happening" to Booker T. Washington mainly because of \_\_\_\_.  
(A) his "race" (B) the pity of others (C) his attitude (D) good luck
- A** 10. Washington says he saw some blacks try to learn Latin and Greek or become ministers so they could \_\_\_\_.  
(A) make an easy living (B) earn money for land (C) go to college (D) better run their own farms
- A** 11. Washington believed that only blacks or whites who \_\_\_\_ should be allowed to vote.  
(A) owned property (B) could read and write (C) were 30 or older (D) were not prejudiced
- D** 12. Reconstruction, says Booker T. Washington, was run chiefly by dishonest Northerners who \_\_\_\_.  
(A) took away all rights of southern blacks (C) attempted to reinstall slavery in the South  
(B) kidnapped freed slaves and resold them (D) used blacks to get revenge on Southerners
- B** 13. The Biblical view of "races," as stated in Acts 17:24-26, teaches that God \_\_\_\_.  
(A) is angry at the sin of all "races" (C) has given certain "nations" rule over others  
(B) has made all nations of "one blood" (D) will punish "races" who do not honor Him
- C** 14. The students of Tuskegee gain the community's respect through their work in \_\_\_\_.  
(A) growing cotton (B) clearing land (C) making bricks (D) cutting lumber
- B** 15. The word that best describes Washington's outlook upon the "white woman on the train" situation is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) boldness (B) meekness (C) disgust (D) frustration
- A** 16. Which of the below does Booker T. Washington believe shows a lack of diligence?  
(A) being dirty (B) being poor (C) both A & B (D) neither A nor B
- D** 17. In a speech to Congress, what does Washington say will do the most to help blacks in America?  
(A) political power (B) amending the Constitution (C) ending prejudice (D) good character in blacks
- C** 18. What does Washington mean when he says in his speech: "Cast down your bucket where you are!"?  
(A) "Be self-sufficient." (B) "Make friends locally." (C) both A & B (D) neither A nor B
- A** 19. What method of helping blacks in America did Booker T. Washington would result in lasting, positive change?  
(A) gradual improvement through blacks gaining skills (C) government grants of property to blacks  
(B) laws that favored blacks until justice was reached (D) all of the above
- B** 20. Washington says the greatest surprise he ever received in his life was his \_\_\_\_.  
(A) presidency of Tuskegee (B) honorary degree from Harvard (C) trip to Europe (D) emancipation

**BONUS (+5):** What is the "great ambition" of the older former slaves who go to school for the first time?

**TO BE ABLE TO READ THE BIBLE BEFORE THEY DIE**

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 20: Quiz 8

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. In "The Chambered Nautilus," Oliver Wendell Holmes compares the creature to what element of the sea?  
(A) a ship (B) a mermaid (C) Sirens singing (D) a whale
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. In "The Chambered Nautilus," Oliver Wendell Holmes expresses the idea that he desires to \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) "protect" himself (B) know the will of God (C) be content with where he is (D) "evolve" as a person
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Which pair of words found in Emily Dickinson's poetry are examples of "slant rhymes"?  
(A) soul/all (B) frog/bog (C) love/above (D) sea/me (E) trousers/booger
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Emily Dickinson's poem "Much Madness Is Divinest Sense" is her way of saying that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) all of us act a little "crazy" sometimes (C) it is often crazy to stand up against a crowd  
(B) those called "crazy" are often the sane ones (D) crazy persons don't realize that they're insane
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. In her poem "Hope," Emily Dickinson says that hope is the "sweetest" when \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) it first appears (B) it comes from God (C) it is most needed (D) it is shared
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. What **two** words describe the Christian's hope in Titus 2:11-14 and 1 Peter 1:3-5? (Choose **two**.)  
(A) beautiful (B) blessed (C) peaceful (D) lively
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Which word best describes someone who is called a "nobody" in the poem "I'm Nobody! Who Are You?"?  
(A) iconoclast (B) zenith (C) vanguard (D) meritocracy
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Dickinson's line, "How dreary to be somebody! How public, like a frog..." pokes fun at those who \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) don't want friends (B) always seek attention (C) act cruelly to others (D) are afraid to take a stand
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. In her poem "A Book," Emily Dickinson compares books to what **two** items? (Choose **two**.)  
(A) mountains (B) trains (C) horses (D) ships
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. In "The Meaning of July Fourth," Frederick Douglass says that the Fourth of July reminds him of \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) the North/South War (B) his current lack of freedom (C) the plight of U. S. slaves (D) God
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. Frederick Douglass demonstrates that slaves are humans deserving of rights because they \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) do intellectual work (B) can read and write (C) worship God (D) all of these
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. Douglass says he believes America will end slavery specifically because \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) many slaves are beginning to rise up against it (C) families are torn apart by the practice  
(B) nations the U. S. trades with disapprove of it (D) it is opposed so strongly by Congress
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13. The Bible teaches all of the following about slavery **except** \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) slave traders are counted as unrighteous (C) Christian slaves should honor their masters  
(B) Jesus did not come to earth to end slavery (D) it is possible to end slavery and tyranny on earth
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. In "A Sisterly Scheme," the character of Mr. Morpeth can be described as \_\_\_\_\_, and Flossy as \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) timid, self-confident (B) arrogant, courteous (C) shy, cowardly (D) self-confident, submissive
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15. Which character on the canoe trip in "A Sisterly Scheme" is described as "radiant...with happiness"?  
(A) Mr. Brown (B) Mr. Morpeth (C) Flossy (D) Pauline (E) Gimli
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16. In "A New England Nun," what word best describes Louisa Ellis's manner of living?  
(A) complicated (B) precise (C) generous (D) happy-go-lucky
- \_\_\_\_\_ 17. Joe's actions in Louisa Ellis's home at the beginning of "A New England Nun" show his potential for \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) loving her (B) giving her life meaning (C) ending her loneliness (D) upsetting her way of life
- \_\_\_\_\_ 18. Louisa Ellis and Joe had previously agreed to marry only after \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Joe made his fortune (B) Louisa was ready (C) Joe gave up drinking (D) Lily gave him his freedom
- \_\_\_\_\_ 19. In an overheard conversation, Louisa Ellis learns that Joe intends to marry her because of his \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) lack of money (B) deep affection for her (C) sense of duty (D) need for companionship
- \_\_\_\_\_ 20. When "A New England Nun" begins, the light that might symbolize Louisa Ellis's love for Joe is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) spreading (B) shining (C) growing dim (D) increasing

**BONUS (+5):** Finish this line from Dickinson's "Success": "*Success is counted sweetest by those who ne'er* \_\_\_\_."

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 20: Quiz 8

- A** 1. In “The Chambered Nautilus,” Oliver Wendell Holmes compares the creature to what element of the sea?  
(A) a ship (B) a mermaid (C) Sirens singing (D) a whale
- D** 2. In “The Chambered Nautilus,” Oliver Wendell Holmes expresses the idea that he desires to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) “protect” himself (B) know the will of God (C) be content with where he is (D) “evolve” as a person
- A** 3. Which pair of words found in Emily Dickinson’s poetry are examples of “slant rhymes”?  
(A) soul/all (B) frog/bog (C) storm/warm (D) sea/me (E) trousers/booger
- B** 4. Emily Dickinson’s poem “Much Madness Is Divinest Sense” is her way of saying that \_\_\_\_.  
(A) all of us act a little “crazy” sometimes (C) it is often crazy to stand up against a crowd  
(B) those called “crazy” are often the sane ones (D) crazy persons don’t realize that they’re insane
- C** 5. In her poem “Hope,” Emily Dickinson says that hope is the “sweetest” when \_\_\_\_.  
(A) it first appears (B) it comes from God (C) it is most needed (D) it is shared
- B, D** 6. What **two** words describe the Christian’s hope in Titus 2:11-14 and 1 Peter 1:3-5? (Choose **two**.)  
(A) beautiful (B) blessed (C) peaceful (D) lively
- A** 7. Which word best describes those who are called “nobodies” in the poem “I’m Nobody! Who Are You?”?  
(A) iconoclast (B) zenith (C) vanguard (D) meritocracy
- B** 8. Dickinson’s line, “How dreary to be somebody! How public, like a frog...” pokes fun at those who \_\_\_\_.  
(A) don’t want friends (B) always seek attention (C) act cruelly to others (D) are afraid to take a stand
- C, D** 9. In her poem “A Book,” Emily Dickinson compares books to what **two** items? (Choose **two**.)  
(A) mountains (B) trains (C) horses (D) ships
- C** 10. In “The Meaning of July Fourth,” Frederick Douglass says that the Fourth of July reminds him of \_\_\_\_.  
(A) the Civil War (B) his own lack of freedom (C) the plight of slaves in America (D) all of these
- D** 11. Frederick Douglass demonstrates that slaves are humans deserving of rights because they \_\_\_\_.  
(A) do intellectual work (B) can read and write (C) worship God (D) all of these
- B** 12. Douglass says he believes America will end slavery specifically because \_\_\_\_.  
(A) many slaves are beginning to rise up against it (C) families are torn apart by the practice  
(B) nations the U. S. trades with disapprove of it (D) it is opposed so strongly by Congress
- D** 13. The Bible teaches all of the following about slavery **except** \_\_\_\_.  
(A) slave traders are counted as unrighteous (C) Christian slaves should honor their masters  
(B) Jesus did not come to earth to end slavery (D) it is possible to end slavery and tyranny on earth
- A** 14. In “A Sisterly Scheme,” the character of Mr. Morpeth can be described as \_\_\_\_, and Flossy as \_\_\_\_.  
(A) timid, self-confident (B) arrogant, courteous (C) shy, cowardly (D) self-confident, submissive
- C** 15. Which character on the canoe trip in “A Sisterly Scheme” is described as “radiant...with happiness”?  
(A) Mr. Brown (B) Mr. Morpeth (C) Flossy (D) Pauline (E) Gimli
- B** 16. In “A New England Nun,” what word best describes Louisa Ellis’s manner of living?  
(A) complicated (B) precise (C) self-centered (D) happy-go-lucky
- D** 17. Joe’s actions in Louisa Ellis’s home at the beginning of “A New England Nun” show his potential for \_\_\_\_.  
(A) loving her (B) giving her life meaning (C) ending her loneliness (D) upsetting her way of life
- A** 18. Louisa Ellis and Joe had previously agreed to marry only after \_\_\_\_.  
(A) Joe made his fortune (B) Louisa Ellis was ready (C) Joe gave up drinking (D) all of these
- C** 19. In an overheard conversation, Louisa Ellis learns that Joe intends to marry her because of his \_\_\_\_.  
(A) lack of money (B) deep affection for her (C) sense of honor (D) need for companionship
- C** 20. When “A New England Nun” begins, the light that might symbolize Louisa Ellis’s love for Joe is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) spreading (B) shining (C) growing dim (D) increasing

**BONUS (+5):** Finish this line from Dickinson’s “Success”: “*Success is counted sweetest by those who ne’er \_\_\_\_.*”

**SUCCEED**



# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 22: Quiz 9

Match the following authors on the right with their works on the left:

- |           |  |                         |
|-----------|--|-------------------------|
| _____ 1.  | "Lucky People"   | A. Stephen Crane        |
| _____ 2.  | "The Fruitful Sleeping of the Rev. Elisha Edwards"   | B. Henry David Thoreau  |
| _____ 3.  | "The Bride Comes to Yellow Sky"  | C. Edgar Allan Poe      |
| _____ 4.  | "The Raven"  | D. Paul Laurence Dunbar |
| _____ 5.  | "Walden"   | E. Mark Twain           |
| _____ 6.  | "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge"  | F. Sarah Orne Jewett    |
| _____ 7.  | "The Stolen White Elephant"  | G. Frederick Douglass   |
| _____ 8.  | "The Meaning of July Fourth for the Negro"   | H. Ambrose Bierce       |
| _____ 9.  | In his first inaugural address, on the topic of slavery, Lincoln expresses the view that ____.                   |                         |
|           | (A) the Constitution allows slavery (B) he has no wish to end slavery (C) A & B (D) neither A nor B              |                         |
| _____ 10. | In his address, President Lincoln warns the South of "invasion" and "bloodshed" if they do not ____.             |                         |
|           | (A) pay tariffs to the North (B) stop spreading slavery (C) leave the union (D) free their current slaves        |                         |
| _____ 11. | President Lincoln states his belief that in government, a ____ must submit to a ____.                            |                         |
|           | (A) minority, majority (B) President, majority (C) minority, President (D) President, minority                   |                         |
| _____ 12. | In his address, Lincoln declares that he supports a constitutional amendment that would ____.                    |                         |
|           | (A) reduce tariffs in the Southern states (C) end slavery forever in the United States                           |                         |
|           | (B) permanently protect slavery in the U. S. (D) end tariffs in the entire United States                         |                         |
| _____ 13. | Lincoln's first inaugural address ends on a(n) ____ note and makes use of ____ wording.                          |                         |
|           | (A) angry, threatening (B) hopeful, religious (C) humorous, funny (D) gloomy, sorrowful                          |                         |
| _____ 14. | In "Lucky People," which important question does the author ask young persons who have ambition?                 |                         |
|           | (A) "Are you willing to work?" (C) "Do you believe in luck?"   |                         |
|           | (B) "Is ambition the most important thing to you?" (D) "Do you have enough intelligence to succeed?"             |                         |
| _____ 15. | In "The Bride Comes to Yellow Sky," the way Jack and his wife interact on the train shows that they are ____.    |                         |
|           | (A) in a hurry to get back to the town (C) already very comfortable with each other                              |                         |
|           | (B) disappointed with each other (D) shy because they don't know each other well yet                             |                         |
| _____ 16. | What phrase best describes what the <i>bride</i> represents in "The Bride Comes to Yellow Sky"?                  |                         |
|           | (A) the joy that can overcome loneliness (C) the equality of women in the west                                   |                         |
|           | (B) the taming or settling of the west (D) the toughness required to survive in the west                         |                         |
| _____ 17. | In "The Fruitful Sleeping of Elisha Edwards," Edwards knows something is wrong one Sunday because ____.          |                         |
|           | (A) the people hardly sing (B) the offering is small (C) no one invites him to lunch (D) all of these            |                         |
| _____ 18. | In his defense, Edwards uses the phrase "Lord, if he sleep, he shall do well," which a disciple says about ____. |                         |
|           | (A) Timothy (B) Jesus (C) Lazarus (D) Jacob (E) Rip Van Winkle, who does really, <i>really</i> well              |                         |
| _____ 19. | The irony in the church's reaction to Edwards's "sleeping sermon" is that they now support him ____.             |                         |
|           | (A) after he deceives them again about sleeping (C) when his sleeping greatly affected his preaching             |                         |
|           | (B) even though he preaches a great sermon (D) although he didn't hear any of the guest's sermon                 |                         |
| _____ 20. | What happens to Eutychus in Acts 20:7-12?  |                         |
|           | (A) He hears Paul's sermon, although asleep. (C) He falls asleep and falls to his death.                         |                         |
|           | (B) He speaks so long that others fall asleep. (D) He is sick, but sleeps well and recovers.                     |                         |

**BONUS (+5):** Give the proposed name of the constitutional amendment that President Lincoln offers support for in his inaugural address.

## Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 22: Quiz 9

Match the following authors on the right with their works on the left:

- |          |    |  |    |                      |
|----------|----|--|----|----------------------|
| <b>F</b> | 1. | "Lucky People"                                     | A. | Stephen Crane        |
| <b>D</b> | 2. | "The Fruitful Sleeping of the Rev. Elisha Edwards" | B. | Henry David Thoreau  |
| <b>A</b> | 3. | "The Bride Comes to Yellow Sky"                    | C. | Ralph Waldo Emerson  |
| <b>C</b> | 4. | "Self-Reliance"                                    | D. | Paul Laurence Dunbar |
| <b>B</b> | 5. | "Walden"   | E. | Thomas Paine         |
| <b>H</b> | 6. | "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge"                | F. | Sarah Orne Jewett    |
| <b>E</b> | 7. | <i>An American Crisis</i>                          | G. | Frederick Douglass   |
| <b>G</b> | 8. | "The Meaning of July Fourth for the Negro"         | H. | Ambrose Bierce       |
- 
- C** 9. In his first inaugural address, on the topic of slavery, Lincoln expresses the view that \_\_\_\_.  
(A) the Constitution allows it (B) he has no desire to end it (C) both A & B (D) neither A nor B
- A** 10. In his address, President Lincoln warns the South of "invasion" and "bloodshed" if they do not \_\_\_\_.  
(A) pay tariffs (B) stop trying to expand slavery (C) leave the union (D) free their current slaves
- A** 11. President Lincoln states his belief that in government, a \_\_\_\_ must submit to a \_\_\_\_.  
(A) minority, majority (B) President, majority (C) majority, minority (D) President, minority
- B** 12. In his address, Lincoln declares that he supports a constitutional amendment that would \_\_\_\_.  
(A) reduce tariffs in the Southern states (C) prevent slavery from continuing in the South  
(B) permanently protect slavery in the U. S. (D) allow Southern states to be exempt from tariffs
- B** 13. Lincoln's first inaugural address ends on a(n) \_\_\_\_ note and makes use of \_\_\_\_ wording.  
(A) angry, threatening (B) hopeful, religious (C) humorous, cheerful (D) gloomy, sorrowful
- A** 14. In "Lucky People," which important question does the author ask young persons who have ambition?  
(A) "Are you willing to work?" (C) "Do you believe in luck?"  
(B) "Is ambition the most important thing to you?" (D) "Do you have intelligence enough to succeed?"
- D** 15. In "The Bride Comes to Yellow Sky," the interaction on the train between Jack and Mrs. Potter indicates \_\_\_\_.  
(A) their eagerness to get back to the town (C) their high level of comfort with each other  
(B) their slight disappointment with each other (D) that they don't know each other very well yet
- B** 16. What does the bride represent in "The Bride Comes to Yellow Sky"?  
(A) the joy that can overcome loneliness (C) the equality of women in the west  
(B) the taming or settling of the west (D) the toughness required to survive in the west
- D** 17. In "The Fruitful Sleeping of Elisha Edwards," Elisha Edwards knows something is wrong because \_\_\_\_.  
(A) the people hardly sing (B) the offering is small (C) no one invites him to lunch (D) all of these
- C** 18. In his defense, Edwards uses the phrase "Lord, if he sleep, he shall do well," which a disciple says about \_\_\_\_.  
(A) Timothy (B) Jesus (C) Lazarus (D) Peter (E) Rip Van Winkle, who does *really* well
- A** 19. The irony in the church's reaction to Edwards's "sleeping sermon" is that they now support him \_\_\_\_.  
(A) after he deceives them again about sleeping (C) when his sleeping greatly affected his preaching  
(B) even though he preaches a great sermon (D) although he didn't hear any of the guest's sermon
- C** 20. What happens to Eutychus in Acts 20:7-12?  
(A) He hears Paul's sermon, although asleep. (C) He falls asleep and falls to his death.  
(B) He speaks so long that others fall asleep. (D) none of these

**BONUS (+5):** Give the name of the proposed constitutional amendment that President Lincoln offers his support of.**CORWIN AMENDMENT**

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 24: Quiz 10

Match each of the following authors on the right with his work on the left:

- |          |                        |                         |
|----------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| _____ 1. | "Taming the Bicycle"   | A. Stephen Crane        |
| _____ 2. | "The Lesson"           | B. Mark Twain           |
| _____ 3. | "Editha"               | C. O. Henry             |
| _____ 4. | "War Is Kind"          | D. Robert Frost         |
| _____ 5. | "The Road Not Taken"   | E. William Dean Howells |
| _____ 6. | "The Gift of the Magi" | F. E. A. Robinson       |
| _____ 7. | "Richard Cory"         | G. Paul Laurence Dunbar |
- 
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. The author of "Taming the Bicycle" says he had no problems at all learning how to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) pedal (B) dismount (C) stay balanced (D) steer (E) spread cream cheese onto his handlebars
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. The line "[The street] was not [level], as the bicycle informed me, to my surprise" shows humor through \_\_\_\_.  
(A) puns (B) understatement (C) repetition (D) exaggeration
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. The lesson of the poem titled..."The Lesson" is to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) be thankful and content with what you have (C) take it one day at a time dealing with sorrow  
(B) have patience with the mistakes of others (D) cheer yourself up by blessing others
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. In "Richard Cory," all of the following adjectives are used to describe Richard Cory **except** \_\_\_\_.  
(A) "clean-favored" (B) "slim" (C) "rich" (D) "content"
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. The ending of "Richard Cory" contrasts greatly with the description right before the ending of \_\_\_\_.  
(A) the commoners (B) Richard Cory's arrogance (C) the summer night (D) Richard Cory's clothes
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13. "War Is Kind" contains stanzas spoken to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) sweethearts (B) children (C) mothers (D) all of these
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. The "unexplained glory" mentioned in "War Is Kind" refers to the \_\_\_\_.  
(A) warring nation's flag (B) soldiers' uniforms (C) military salutes of officers (D) generals' orders
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15. The line "Good fences make good neighbors" in "Mending Wall" expresses the idea that good neighbors \_\_\_\_.  
(A) are not needlessly critical of each other (C) are there to help when great trouble arises  
(B) make the best kind of friends (D) respect the other's privacy
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16. "Mending Wall" is written in "blank verse," which means that it \_\_\_\_.  
(A) contains rhyming lines (B) is written in iambic pentameter (C) both A & B (D) neither A nor B
- \_\_\_\_\_ 17. In "The Gift of the Magi," the author sets the price of Della's hair at \$20 in order to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) show that this is a large amount to spend (C) both A & B  
(B) link her to Jim, who makes \$20 per week (D) neither A nor B
- \_\_\_\_\_ 18. The arguments Editha uses to explain why she believes George should enlist as a soldier come from \_\_\_\_.  
(A) phrases she reads in the newspaper (C) sermons she hears on several Sundays in a row  
(B) Bible passages she reads and underlines (D) careful study of the circumstances of the war
- \_\_\_\_\_ 19. Why does George's mother become angry with Editha when Editha tells her, "I tried to leave him free..."?  
(A) She doesn't feel Editha mourned enough. (C) She knows Editha manipulated him into enlisting.  
(B) She never wanted George to marry Editha. (D) She doubts Editha wanted George to go to war.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 20. What is the most likely reason that Editha weeps near the end, after George has been killed in the war?  
(A) She feels responsible for getting him killed. (C) She pities George's mother, who lost her son.  
(B) She is angry at George for leaving her alone. (D) She feels sorry for herself.

**BONUS (+5):** What war is the setting for the short story "Editha"?

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 24: Quiz 10

Match the following authors on the right with their works on the left:

- |          |    |                        |    |                      |
|----------|----|------------------------|----|----------------------|
| <b>B</b> | 1. | "Taming the Bicycle"   | A. | Stephen Crane        |
| <b>G</b> | 2. | "The Lesson"           | B. | Mark Twain           |
| <b>E</b> | 3. | "Editha"               | C. | O. Henry             |
| <b>A</b> | 4. | "War Is Kind"          | D. | Robert Frost         |
| <b>D</b> | 5. | "The Road Not Taken"   | E. | William Dean Howells |
| <b>C</b> | 6. | "The Gift of the Magi" | F. | E. A. Robinson       |
| <b>F</b> | 7. | "Richard Cory"         | G. | Paul Laurence Dunbar |
- 
- B** 8. The author of "Taming the Bicycle" says he had no problems at all learning how to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) pedal (B) dismount (C) stay balanced (D) steer
  - B** 9. The line "[The street] was not [level], as the bicycle informed me, to my surprise" shows humor through \_\_\_\_.  
(A) puns (B) understatement (C) repetition (D) exaggeration
  - D** 10. The lesson of the poem titled..."The Lesson" is to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) be thankful and content with what you have (C) take it one day at a time dealing with sorrow  
(B) have patience with the mistakes of others (D) cheer yourself up by blessing others
  - D** 11. In "Richard Cory," all of the following adjectives are used to describe Richard Cory **except** \_\_\_\_.  
(A) "clean-favored" (B) "slim" (C) "rich" (D) "content"
  - C** 12. The last event of the poem "Richard Cory" contrasts greatly with the description right before it of \_\_\_\_.  
(A) the commoners (B) Richard Cory's arrogance (C) the summer night (D) Richard Cory's clothes
  - D** 13. "War Is Kind" contains stanzas spoken to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) sweethearts (B) children (C) mothers (D) all of these
  - A** 14. The "unexplained glory" mentioned in "War Is Kind" refers to the \_\_\_\_.  
(A) warring nation's flag (B) soldiers' uniforms (C) military culture (D) all of these
  - D** 15. The line "Good fences make good neighbors" in "Mending Wall" expresses the idea that good neighbors \_\_\_\_.  
(A) are not needlessly critical of each other (C) are there to help when trouble arises  
(B) make the best kind of friends (D) respect the other's privacy
  - B** 16. "Mending Wall" is written in "blank verse," which means that it \_\_\_\_.  
(A) contains rhyming lines (B) is written in iambic pentameter (C) both A & B (D) neither A nor B
  - C** 17. In "The Gift of the Magi," the author sets the price of Della's hair at \$20 in order to \_\_\_\_.  
(A) show that this is a great amount to spend (C) both A & B  
(B) link her to Jim, who makes \$20 per week (D) neither A nor B
  - A** 18. The arguments Editha uses to explain why she believes George should enlist as a soldier come from \_\_\_\_.  
(A) phrases she reads in the newspaper (C) sermons she hears on several Sundays in a row  
(B) Bible passages she reads and underlines (D) careful study of the circumstances of the war
  - C** 19. Why does George's mother become angry with Editha when Editha tells her, "I tried to leave him free..."?  
(A) She doesn't feel Editha mourned enough. (C) She knows Editha manipulated him into enlisting.  
(B) She never wanted George to marry Editha. (D) She doubts Editha wanted George to go to war.
  - D** 20. What is the most likely reason that Editha weeps near the end, after George has been killed in the war?  
(A) She feels responsible for getting him killed. (C) She pities George's mother, who lost her son.  
(B) She is angry at George for leaving her alone. (D) She feels sorry for herself.

**BONUS (+5):** What war is the setting for the short story "Editha"?

**THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR**

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 27: Quiz 11

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. At the opening of *The Magnificent Ambersons*, the Ambersons and their home are symbols of \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) wealth (B) culture (C) both A and B (D) neither A nor B
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Isabel Amberson's beauty is shown as so striking that one of the Midland women can't even \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) describe it to her friend (B) eat at a dinner party (C) keep her eyes on a play (D) speak at a ball
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Regarding the Minafer family, at the opening of *The Magnificent Ambersons*, Mrs. Foster claims that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Isabel truly loves Wilbur (B) their children will be spoiled (C) both A & B (D) neither A nor B
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. The people of Midland often say that they long for the day that George gets "\_\_\_\_\_."  
(A) his comeuppance (B) his backside tanned (C) his just desserts (D) himself sent to reform school
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. The author says that at prep school, George Minafer learns "\_\_\_\_\_" about himself.  
(A) just enough (B) only too much (C) not quite enough (D) nothing whatever
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Like his grandfather, George Minafer is \_\_\_\_\_, but unlike his grandfather, he is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) handsome, arrogant (B) patient, irritating (C) big-headed, plain-looking (D) shy, persuasive
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. In George's first conversation with Lucy, he unknowingly insults her \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) aunt (B) brother (C) father (D) mother
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. Eugene Morgan has developed a "horseless carriage," which George says will \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) revolutionize the world (B) reduce the use of horses (C) make him rich (D) not amount to anything
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Fred Kinney tells Eugene Morgan that Isabel Minafer "was wrong once," when she \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) let George insult a preacher (B) married Wilbur (C) mocked his invention (D) sent George away
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Eugene Morgan and George are similar in that both \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) look down upon others (B) attract attention (C) act foolishly in social settings (D) lack ambition
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. Lucy treats George flatteringly during the second dance they attend, because she is impressed with his \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) apology for acting rudely at the last party (C) politeness toward her father recently  
(B) progress with earning his college degree (D) chivalry during their riding accident
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. Aunt Fanny sends George an article about rude young people, but he is more interested in the news that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) his father's health seems to be failing (C) Eugene Morgan has moved out of Midland  
(B) his mother gave Eugene Morgan a party (D) Major Amberson's wealth is decreasing
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13. Eugene Morgan tells Lucy that arrogant people "can't stand the least, lightest, faintest breath of \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) equality (B) criticism (C) embarrassment (D) bad news (E) bacon
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. Eugene Morgan says that he is fortunate in his misfortune 20 years ago, because he would never have \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) had Lucy (B) moved back to Midland (C) had to deal with George (D) developed the automobile
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15. Wilbur Minafer seems to be in bad health because of his \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) alcoholism (B) frustrations with George (C) marriage troubles (D) business difficulties
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16. When Lucy refuses to marry George, she claims that it is because \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) she dislikes his family (B) she doesn't love him (C) she is older than he is (D) he is too wealthy
- \_\_\_\_\_ 17. The real reason that Lucy refuses to marry George is that she \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) loves her father too much to leave him (C) does not want to stay in Midland her whole life  
(B) dislikes George's lack of ambition (D) does not get along well with George's mother
- \_\_\_\_\_ 18. Eugene Morgan's success with his automobile business demonstrates what two things? (Choose **two**.)  
(A) how badly mistaken George was about it (C) a contrast with how the Amberson fortune is doing  
(B) how much good luck plays a part in success (D) the lack of progress in the town of Midland
- \_\_\_\_\_ 19. The contrast between Eugene Morgan and George Minafer can be summed up in the phrase "\_\_\_\_\_."  
(A) doing vs. being (B) old age vs. youth (C) love vs. honor (D) knowledge vs. ignorance
- \_\_\_\_\_ 20. The reader can tell that Lucy, home with her father, is troubled with recent events, because she \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) sighs for no apparent reason (B) hardly talks to him anymore (C) loses at chess (D) weeps often

**BONUS (+5):** In what city do Wilbur and Isabel vacation to try to improve Wilbur's health?

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 27: Quiz 11

- C** 1. At the opening of *The Magnificent Ambersons*, the Ambersons and their home are symbols of \_\_\_\_.  
(A) wealth (B) culture (C) both A and B (D) neither A nor B
- C** 2. Isabel Amberson's beauty is shown as so striking that one of the Midland women can't even \_\_\_\_.  
(A) describe it to her friend (B) eat at a dinner party (C) keep her eyes on a play (D) speak at a ball
- B** 3. Regarding the Minafer family, at the opening of *The Magnificent Ambersons*, Mrs. Foster claims that \_\_\_\_.  
(A) Isabel truly loves Wilbur (B) their children will be spoiled (C) both A & B (D) neither A nor B
- A** 4. The people of Midland often say that they long for the day that George gets "\_\_\_\_."  
(A) his comeuppance (B) his backside tanned (C) his just desserts (D) himself sent to reform school
- D** 5. The author says that at prep school, George Minafer learns "\_\_\_\_" about himself.  
(A) just enough (B) only too much (C) not quite enough (D) nothing whatever
- A** 6. Like his grandfather, George Minafer is \_\_\_\_, but unlike his grandfather, he is \_\_\_\_.  
(A) handsome, arrogant (B) patient, irritating (C) big-headed, plain-looking (D) shy, persuasive
- C** 7. In George's first conversation with Lucy, he unknowingly insults her \_\_\_\_.  
(A) aunt (B) brother (C) father (D) mother
- D** 8. Eugene Morgan has developed a "horseless carriage," which George says will \_\_\_\_.  
(A) revolutionize the world (B) reduce the use of horses (C) make him rich (D) not amount to anything
- B** 9. Fred Kinney tells Eugene Morgan that Isabel Minafer "was wrong once," when she \_\_\_\_.  
(A) let George insult a preacher (B) married Wilbur (C) mocked his invention (D) sent George away
- B** 10. Eugene Morgan and George are similar in that both of them \_\_\_\_.  
(A) look down upon others (B) attract attention (C) act foolishly in social settings (D) upset people
- D** 11. Lucy treats George flatteringly during the second dance they attend, because she is impressed with his \_\_\_\_.  
(A) apology for acting rudely at the last party (C) politeness toward her father recently  
(B) progress with earning his college degree (D) chivalry during their riding accident
- B** 12. Aunt Fanny sends George an article about rude young people, but he is more interested in the news that \_\_\_\_.  
(A) his father's health seems to be failing (C) Eugene Morgan has moved out of Midland  
(B) his mother gave Eugene Morgan a party (D) Major Amberson's wealth is decreasing
- B** 13. Eugene Morgan tells Lucy that arrogant people "can't stand the least, lightest, faintest breath of \_\_\_\_."  
(A) equality (B) criticism (C) embarrassment (D) bad news (E) liverwurst
- A** 14. Eugene Morgan says that he is fortunate in his misfortune 20 years ago, because he would never have \_\_\_\_.  
(A) had Lucy (B) moved back to Midland (C) had to deal with George (D) developed the automobile
- D** 15. Wilbur Minafer seems to be in bad health because of his \_\_\_\_.  
(A) alcoholism (B) frustrations with George (C) marriage troubles (D) business woes
- C** 16. When Lucy refuses to marry George, she claims that it is because \_\_\_\_.  
(A) she dislikes his family (B) she doesn't love him (C) she is older than he is (D) he is too wealthy
- B** 17. The real reason that Lucy refuses to marry George is that she \_\_\_\_.  
(A) loves her father too much to leave him (C) does not want to stay in Midland her whole life  
(B) dislikes George's lack of ambition (D) does not get along well with George's mother
- A, C** 18. Eugene Morgan's success with his automobile business demonstrates what two things? (Choose **two**.)  
(A) how badly mistaken George was about it (C) a contrast with how the Amberson fortune is doing  
(B) how much good luck plays a part in success (D) the lack of progress in the town of Midland
- A** 19. The contrast between Eugene Morgan and George Minafer can be summed up in the phrase "\_\_\_\_."  
(A) doing vs. being (B) old age vs. youth (C) love vs. honor (D) knowledge vs. ignorance
- C** 20. The reader knows that Lucy, home with her father, is troubled with recent events, because she \_\_\_\_.  
(A) sighs for no apparent reason (B) hardly talks to him anymore (C) loses at chess (D) weeps often

**BONUS (+5):** In what city do Wilbur and Isabel vacation to try to improve Wilbur's health? **ASHEVILLE**

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 30: Quiz 12

- \_\_\_\_ 1. During a dinner conversation about the future of automobiles, George says that he believes they are “\_\_\_\_.”  
(A) a great way to learn repair (B) a nuisance (C) the wave of the future (D) not as fast as horses
- \_\_\_\_ 2. Two reasons why George feels how he does about automobiles are his view that they \_\_\_\_\_. (Choose **two**.)  
(A) go too fast (B) represent change (C) injure too many people (D) remind him of Eugene Morgan
- \_\_\_\_ 3. Fanny constantly keeps eyeing George because she wants to know if he notices \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) the Major’s bad health (B) Lucy’s sadness (C) her criticisms of him (D) Isabel’s feelings for Eugene
- \_\_\_\_ 4. When George learns of his mother’s desire to marry Eugene, what word best describes his first reaction?  
(A) shock (B) amusement (C) irritation (D) relief
- \_\_\_\_ 5. The cracked, decaying “Fountain of Neptune” statue on the Major’s property represents the \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) health of Wilbur (B) attitude of George (C) poverty of Midland (D) declining Amberson fortune
- \_\_\_\_ 6. Regarding the gossip going around about the Ambersons, Uncle George tells George that he should \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) confront it (B) enjoy it (C) submit to it (D) fight it
- \_\_\_\_ 7. Fanny tells George to leave Isabel alone when it comes to her (Isabel’s) interest in Eugene because \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Eugene is in love with Fanny (B) Isabel’s health is failing (C) both A and B (D) neither A nor B
- \_\_\_\_ 8. What other event does George’s slamming the door in Eugene Morgan’s face closely recall?  
(A) Isabel’s rejection of Eugene 20 years ago (C) Major Amberson’s anger at Fanny’s silliness  
(B) Eugene’s treatment of George at a party (D) Lucy’s treatment of George at their first dance
- \_\_\_\_ 9. In a note to him, Isabel tells George that she will not marry Eugene because she doesn’t \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) want to get married again (B) want to upset George (C) love Eugene (D) want to upset Fanny
- \_\_\_\_ 10. The reason George now cares about others’ opinions, when before he couldn’t have cared less, is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Lucy’s feelings (B) his improved attitude (C) the health of his mother (D) his lack of wealth
- \_\_\_\_ 11. The irony in George’s telling his mother he doesn’t want marriage rumors to ruin her good name is that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) he has hurt her good name plenty himself (C) the Amberson name was never well-respected  
(B) his father’s name was not honored in Midland (D) Eugene would greatly improve her social position
- \_\_\_\_ 12. The best way to describe what happens to the town of Midland over the years is that it \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) sinks into extinction (B) gets considerably cleaner (C) loses its prosperity (D) grows and changes
- \_\_\_\_ 13. Isabel’s heart trouble is physical, but her non-physical “heart troubles” are also shown in her \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) love for Eugene (B) relationship with George (C) both A and B (D) neither A nor B
- \_\_\_\_ 14. Who shares the blame for the way George has treated Eugene Morgan and Isabel?  
(A) Fanny (B) Isabel (C) Uncle George (D) all of these
- \_\_\_\_ 15. As Uncle George leaves, the only thing he **does not** say to George is that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) George should forget about marrying Lucy (C) he was always fond of George  
(B) sometimes he didn’t like George very much (D) he sometimes thought George should be hanged
- \_\_\_\_ 16. How does George spend the last night in his mother’s room?  
(A) talking with Fanny (B) writing Eugene a letter (C) kneeling in prayer (D) trying to find work
- \_\_\_\_ 17. After George and Fanny move into the apartment, George shows grit by \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) encouraging a despondent Fanny (B) taking a risky job (C) humbling himself (D) all of these
- \_\_\_\_ 18. The irony about George’s finally getting his “comeuppance” is that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) it costs him the love of Lucy Morgan (C) it doesn’t change George for the better  
(B) no one in Midland even cares any more (D) George hates the town more than ever
- \_\_\_\_ 19. The “Indian story” that Lucy tells her father is her way of saying that she \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) has met a new young man she wants to marry (C) is sad that her father didn’t marry Isabel  
(B) does not know what she wants to do with her life (D) still has feelings for George
- \_\_\_\_ 20. The coincidence that happens to Eugene and Lucy at the end of *Ambersons* is that they both \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) think of Isabel (B) “hear” George’s voice (C) meet accidentally in the street (D) see Fanny at a shop

**BONUS (+5):** In what specific invention do the Ambersons invest in and lose the rest of their fortune?

# Home School Partners – High School 1A: American Literature, Week 30: Quiz 12

- B** 1. During a conversation about the future of automobiles, George says that he believes they are “\_\_\_\_.”  
(A) not as beneficial as horses (B) a nuisance (C) a foolish idea (D) bound to fail
- B, D** 2. Two reasons why George feels how he does about automobiles are his view that they \_\_\_\_\_. (Choose **two**.)  
(A) go too fast (B) represent change (C) are unreliable (D) remind him of Eugene Morgan
- D** 3. Fanny constantly keeps eyeing George because she wants to know if he notices \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) the Major’s bad health (B) Lucy’s sadness (C) her criticisms of him (D) Isabel’s feelings for Eugene
- A** 4. When George learns of his mother’s desire to marry Eugene, what word best describes his first reaction?  
(A) shock (B) amusement (C) irritation (D) relief
- D** 5. The cracked, decaying “Fountain of Neptune” statue on the Major’s property represents the \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) health of Wilbur (B) attitude of George (C) poverty of Midland (D) declining Amberson fortune
- C** 6. Regarding the gossip going around about the Ambersons, Uncle George tells George that he should \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) confront it (B) enjoy it (C) submit to it (D) fight it
- B** 7. Fanny tells George to leave Isabel alone when it comes to her (Isabel’s) interest in Eugene because \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Eugene is in love with Fanny (B) Isabel’s health is failing (C) both A and B (D) neither A nor B
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(B) Eugene’s treatment of George at a party (D) Lucy’s treatment of George at their first dance
- B** 9. In a note to him, Isabel tells George that she will not marry Eugene because she doesn’t \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) want to get married again (B) want to upset George (C) love Eugene (D) want to upset Fanny
- D** 10. The reason George now cares about others’ opinions, when before he couldn’t have cared less, is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Lucy’s feelings (B) his improved attitude (C) the health of his mother (D) his lack of wealth
- A** 11. The irony in George’s telling his mother he doesn’t want marriage rumors to ruin her good name is that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) he has hurt her good name plenty himself (C) the Amberson name was never well-respected  
(B) his father’s name was not honored in Midland (D) Eugene would greatly improve her social position
- D** 12. The best way to describe what happens to the town of Midland over the years is that it \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) sinks into extinction (B) gets considerably cleaner (C) loses its prosperity (D) grows and changes
- C** 13. Isabel’s heart trouble is physical, but her non-physical “heart troubles” are also shown in her \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) love for Eugene (B) relationship with George (C) both A and B (D) neither A nor B
- D** 14. Who shares the blame for the way George has treated Eugene Morgan and Isabel?  
(A) Fanny (B) Isabel (C) Uncle George (D) all of these
- A** 15. As Uncle George leaves, the only thing he **does not** say to George is that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) George should forget about marrying Lucy (C) he was always fond of George  
(B) he didn’t like George very much (D) he sometimes thought George should be hanged
- C** 16. How does George spend the last night in his mother’s room?  
(A) talking with Fanny (B) writing Eugene a letter (C) kneeling in prayer (D) trying to find work
- D** 17. After George and Fanny move into the apartment, George shows grit by \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) encouraging a despondent Fanny (B) taking a risky job (C) humbling himself (D) all of these
- B** 18. The irony about George’s finally getting his “comeuppance” is that \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) it costs him the love of Lucy (C) it doesn’t change George for the better  
(B) no one in Midland even cares any more (D) George hates the town more than ever
- D** 19. The “Indian story” that Lucy tells her father is her way of saying that she \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) has met a new young man she wants to marry (C) is sad that her father didn’t marry Isabel  
(B) does not know what she wants to do with her life (D) still has feelings for George
- A** 20. The coincidence that happens to Eugene and Lucy at the end of *Ambersons* is that they both \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) think of Isabel (B) “hear” George’s voice (C) meet accidentally in the street (D) see Fanny at a shop

**BONUS (+5):** In what specific invention do the Ambersons invest in and lose the rest of their fortune? **HEADLIGHTS**